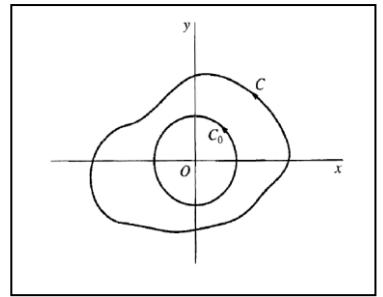


Exercises. Cauchy's integral formulas

If $f(z)$ is analytic function within and on a simple closed curve C

and z_0 is any interior to C , then



$$f(z_0) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_C \frac{f(z)}{z - z_0} dz \quad \text{or} \quad \oint_C \frac{f(z)}{z - z_0} dz = 2\pi i f(z_0) \quad (5.1)$$

$$\frac{d^n}{dz^n} f(z_0) = \frac{n!}{2\pi i} \oint_C \frac{f(z)}{(z - z_0)^{n+1}} dz \quad \text{or} \quad \oint_C \frac{f(z)}{(z - z_0)^{n+1}} dz = \frac{2\pi i \frac{d^n}{dz^n} f(z_0)}{n!}$$

Example 3. Evaluate the integral $\oint_C \frac{z^3}{(z+1)^3} dz$, where C is simple closed curve (C is circle $|z-1|=3$).

$|z-1|=3 \Rightarrow \sqrt{(x-1)^2 + y^2} = 3$, So C is enclosing $z_0 = -1$ or $z_0 = -1$ is inside C

$$\oint_C \frac{z^3}{(z+1)^3} dz = \frac{2\pi i}{2} f''(z_0), \quad f(z) = z^3 \Rightarrow f'(z) = 3z^2 \Rightarrow \frac{d^2}{dz^2} f(z) = 6z \Rightarrow \frac{d^2}{dz^2} f(-1) = -6$$

$$\therefore \oint_C \frac{z^3}{(z+1)^3} dz = \frac{2\pi i}{2} \frac{d^2}{dz^2} f(-1) = -6\pi i$$

Example 2. Evaluate the value of $\oint_C \frac{z dz}{z-3}$ where C is $|z+i|=4$

$|z+i|=4 = \sqrt{x^2 + (y+1)^2} = 4$ (circle with radius equal to 4 and center (0,-1))

$z_0 = 3$, So as we see that z_0 is inside C

$$\oint_C \frac{z dz}{z-3} = 2\pi i f(z_0) = 6\pi i$$

Example 3. Calculate $f\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$, where $f(z) = \oint_C \frac{\tan z}{(z-a)^3} dz$. Here C is the circle $|z|=2$.

$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \oint_C \frac{\tan z}{(z-\frac{\pi}{3})^3} dz, \quad n+1=3 \Rightarrow \quad n=2. \quad f(z) = \tan z$$

$$\therefore \oint_C \frac{\tan z}{(z-\frac{\pi}{3})^3} dz = \frac{2\pi i}{2} \frac{d^2}{dz^2} f\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$f(z) = \tan z \Rightarrow f'(z) = \sec^2 z$$

$$\therefore \frac{d^2}{dz^2} f(z) = 2 \sec z [\sec z \cdot \tan z] = 2 \sec z \left[\frac{\sin z}{\cos^2 z} \right]$$

$$\therefore \frac{d^2}{dz^2} f\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = 2 \sec(\pi/3) \cdot \left[\frac{\sin(\pi/3)}{\cos^2(\pi/3)} \right] = 2 \frac{1}{1/2} \left[\frac{\sqrt{3}/2}{1/4} \right] = 8\sqrt{3}$$

$$\therefore f\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \oint_C \frac{\tan z}{(z-\frac{\pi}{3})^3} dz = \frac{2\pi i}{2} \frac{d^2}{dz^2} f\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = i\pi 8\sqrt{3}$$