

Republic of Iraq
Ministry of Higher Education
& Scientific Research
Al-Muthanna University
College of Science
Department of Chemistry



Synthesis, characterization and study the Biological activity of New azo dye Ligand with Some Metal Complexes

A thesis Submitted to the Council of College of Science /
Al-Muthanna University as Partial Fulfillment of the
Requirements for the Degree of Master of Science in Chemistry

By:
Suha Hassan Majhool
B. Sc. In Chemistry 2018

Supervised by:

Assistant Professor
Dr. Azal Shakir Waheeb

Lecturer
Dr. Masar Ali Awad

2024 A.D

1445 A.H

Abstract

The study involved the preparation and characterisation of a new heterocyclic azo ligand 2-[2'-(5-methylthiazolyl) azo]-5,6-dimethyl benzoimidazol derived from 2-amino-5-methyl thiazole. A series of metal complexes were prepared with the metal ions Co(III), Ni(II), Cu(II), Ag(I), and Au(III). The prepared compounds were identified by FTIR spectra, ^1H NMR, ^{13}C NMR spectra, mass spectrometry, UV-Vis spectrometry, TGA technique, FESEM, and XRD spectroscopy as well as elemental microanalysis (C.H.N.S). The results showed the azo ligand 2-[2'-(5-methylthiazolyl) azo]-5,6-dimethyl benzoimidazol behaves as a bidentate ligand. The molar ratio of the studied metal ions Co(III) and Cu(II) in their coordination complexes were determined (1:2) [M:L], and the expected shape of these complexes is octahedral. On the other hand, the Ni(II), Ag(I), and Au(III) were (1:1) [M:L] and the expected shape of these complexes were tetrahedral with ion Ag(I), and square planar with Ni(II), Au(III) ions. Finally, the new azo ligand and its metal complexes were tested in vitro for antimicrobial activity against two types of bacteria (*Streptococcus*, *Escherichia coli*) and one type of fungus (*Penicillium* sp). Toxicity examinations of some compounds prepared on human cells for cancer (lung, and pancreas) were studied to find out the possibility of using this type of compound as a drug by treating it with human cancer cells.