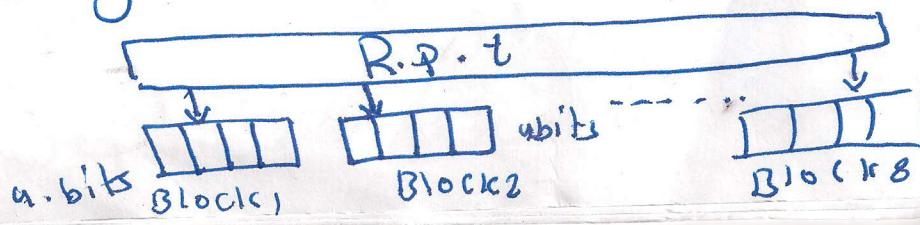


These swapped bits are transpositioned according to inverse-initial transposition and obtaining 64 bit of cipher text.

In each round the 32 bits of R_{i-1} is being expanded to 48-bits by using (expansion Permutation table) which generates 48-bits which are being X-ORed with 48-bit of Secret Key.

→ these 48-bit are divided into 8 groups (6 bit each) which are being substituted as 4bits into 8 groups by using 8 S-boxes, thus, 32 bits are being generated which are permuted by using P-Box and X-ORed with R_{i-1} generating 32 bits of R_i .



$$8 \times a = \underline{\underline{32}}$$

* Left circular shift:-

each round key is generated after left circular shift of 28-bit each, for two separate blocks (c_{i-1}, d_{i-1}) .

these left circular shift bits are taken as,

1 - Input to the PC-2 which generates 4^8 bits of round key.

2 - these bits are also taken as input bits for next round (c_{i-1}, d_{i-1}) .

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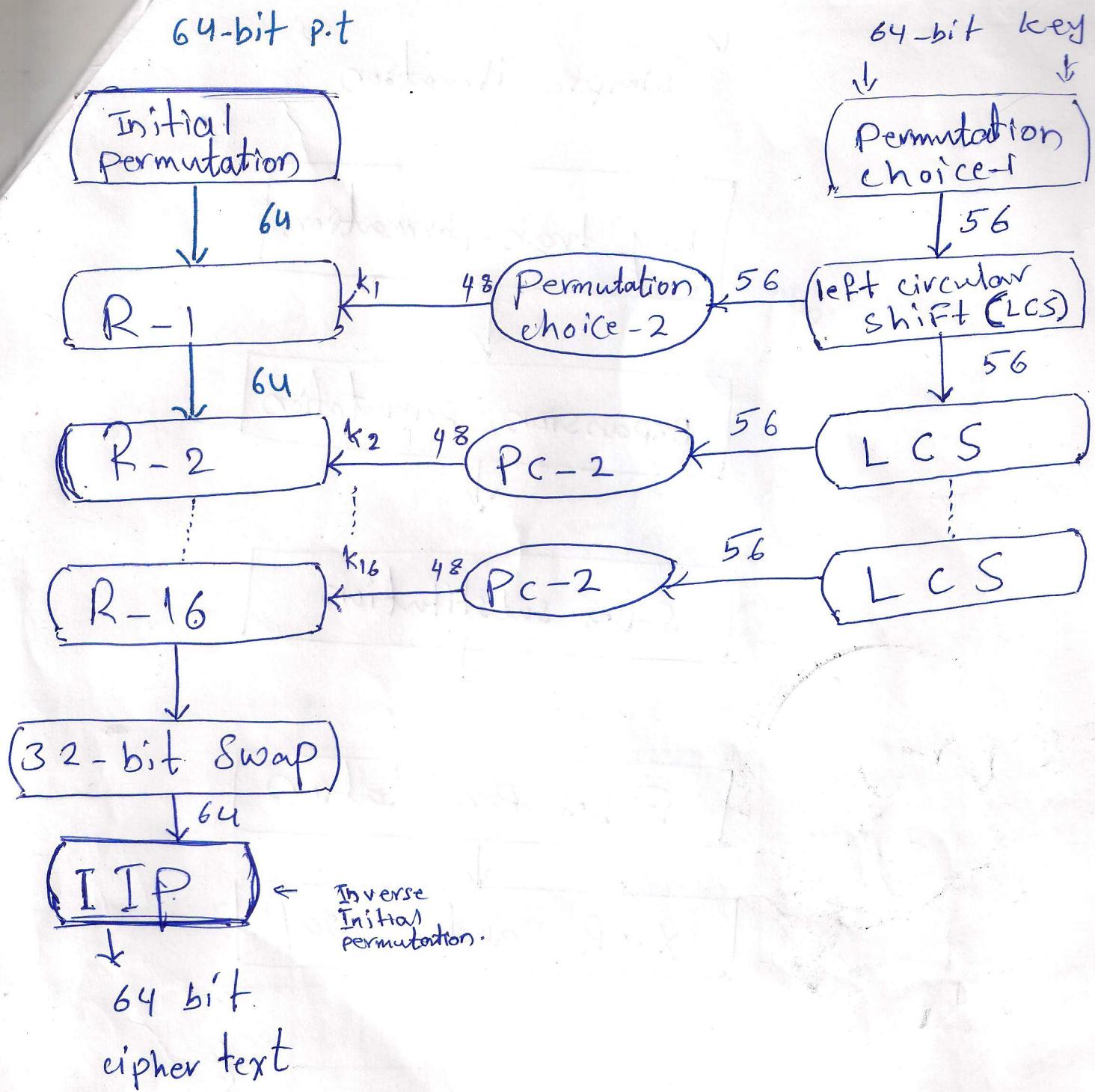
تبدل الأضلاع
Permutation table: - 6

58	50	42	34	26	18	10	2
60	52	44	36	28	20	12	4
62	54	46	38	30	22	14	6
64	56	48	40	32	24	16	8
57	49	41	33	25	17	9	1
59	51	43	35	27	19	11	3
61	53	45	37	29	21	13	5
63	55	47	39	31	23	15	7

العوامل
موعده
 $5 \times 8 = 40$

* Inverse	initial								table:-
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
1	40	8	48	16	56	24	64	32	
2	39	7	47	15	55	23	63	31	
3	38	6	46	14	54	22	62	30	
4	37	5	45	13	53	21	61	29	
5	36	4	44	12	52	20	60	28	
6	35	3	43	11	51	19	59	27	
7	34	2	42	10	50	18	58	26	
8	33	1	41	9	49	17	57	25	

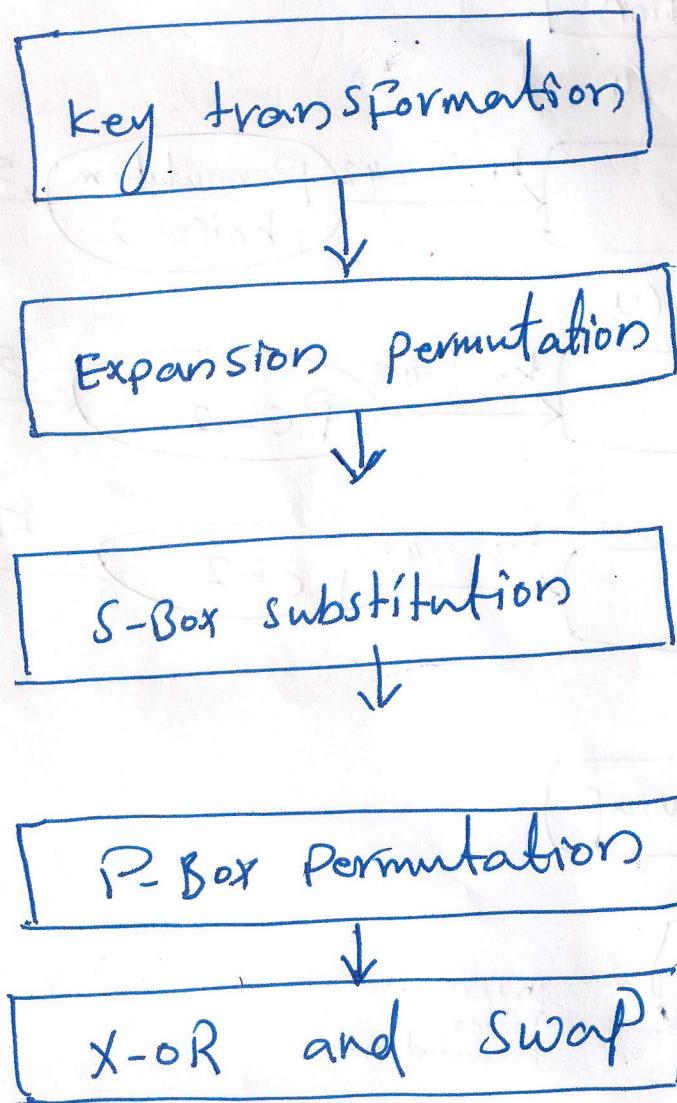
حيث أقصى العدد في الموضع i هو a_i .



DES algorithm

دورة
البيانات
أثنى عشر
النحوين
PC

simple iteration



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