



((Assessment of the final exam for the second semester))

Academic year 2017 -2018

45

ملاحظة :- لكل سؤال 12 درجة

السؤال الأول:- معمل يقوم بإنتاج 3 نوع من المنتجات A, B, C حيث كان سعر بيع المنتج A = 150 دينار للوحدة الواحدة وسعر بيع B = 200 دينار للوحدة الواحدة وسعر بيع C = 250 دينار للوحدة الواحدة وكانت كلف إنتاج الوحدة الواحدة لهذه الأنواع هي A=20 و B=40 و C=60 دينار والجدول التالي يوضح كمية المواد الأولية التي تحتاجها المنتجات

المطلوب وصف هذه المشكلة بأنموذج برمجة خطية؟

المنتجات →	A	B	C	الطاقة الاستيعابية
المواد الأولية ↓				
I	2	3	10	40
II	4	8	12	80
III	6	10	14	100
الوقت	1.5	1	3	16

الاسئلة تخص طرائق البرمجة

$$MaxZ = 50X_1 + 40X_2$$

S.to

$$6X_1 + 3X_2 \leq 54$$

$$4X_1 + 5X_2 \leq 60$$

$$X_1, X_2 \geq 0$$

السؤال الثاني :- إذا كان لدينا مسألة البرمجة الخطية الآتية :-

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5/18 & -1/6 \\ -2/9 & 1/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

وأن المصفوفة تحت الاحادية هي

أكتب جدول الحل الامثل ؟

السؤال الثالث :- لمسألة البرمجة الخطية حدد الحالة الخاصة إن وجدت باستعمال واحدة فقط من الطرائق الآتية

$$MaxZ = 3X_1 + 2X_2$$

1-طريقة M

S.to

$$2X_1 + X_2 \leq 2$$

$$2X_1 + 4X_2 \geq 12$$

$$X_1, X_2 \geq 0$$

2-طريقة المرحلتين



ينبع

السؤال الرابع :- أوجد الحل الأمثل للمسألة الآتية

Dest.→	1	2	3	Supply
Sources↓				
1	0.7	0.9	0.8	3
2	0.3	0.4	0.6	5
Demand	5	2	1	

السؤال الخامس :- للمشروع التالي تم تقدير ثلاثة أوقات لكل نشاط أوجد المسار الحرج ووقت الانجاز

Act.	A=2,5,8	B=6,9,12	C=5,14,17	D=5,8,11	E=3,6,9	F=3,12,21	G=1,4,7
And Expected times							
Pre.Act.	-	A	A	B	C,D	-	E,F



Best of luck

Lecturer
ALAA H. SABRI

28 05. 2018

M. M. KRAIDI
Head of Department
MUSA M. KRAIDI



03.06.2018

((Assessment of the final exam for the second semester))

45

Academic year 2017 -2018

Q1// A// Define the following terms :

arc , simple arc , simple closed curve , simple connected domain , positively oriented , differentiable arc .

B// Evaluate the integrals $\int_C \frac{e^{-z} dz}{z - \frac{\pi i}{2}}$, $\int_C \frac{\cosh z}{z^2} dz$; where c is the square $x = \pm 2$, $y = \pm 2$

***** (12 marks)

Q2// Use residues to evaluate the definite integral $\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{d\theta}{1 + \sin^2 \theta}$

***** (6 marks)

Q3// Prove that by using contour integral $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos(ax) - \cos(bx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} (b - a)$; $a \geq 0, b \geq 0$,

Then with $1 - \cos(2x) = 2\sin^2 x$ show that $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2 x}{x^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{2}$.

***** (6 marks)

Q4// State and prove Cauchy- Coursat theorem, and give an example.

***** (6 marks)

Q5// Determine the image of the first quadrant of z plane mapped by the transformation $w = z^2$.

***** (6 marks)

Q6// Show that by using contour integral $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^{p-1}}{1+x} dx = \frac{\pi}{\sin(p\pi)}$; $0 < p < 1$

***** (6 marks)

Q7// Compute $\oint_C \frac{e^z dz}{(z-1)(z+3)^2}$; where C is given by a) $|z| = 2$, b) $|z| = 5$

***** (6 marks)

Q8//A// Expand $f(z) = \frac{z}{(z+1)(z-2)}$ in Laurent series valid for $0 < |z - 2| < 3$

B// Write the principal part of the function at its isolated singular point and determine whether that point is a pole, a removable singular point, or an essential singular point:

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{(2-z)^3} , \quad f(z) = \frac{\cos z}{z}$$

***** (12 marks)

Good Luck



Lecturer
Dr. Yaseen Merzah

2018.06.13

M. M. KRADY
Head of Department
Asst. Prof. Mousa M. Krady



11.06.2018

((Assessment of the final exam for the second semester))
Academic year 2017-2018

45

Notes
Remark Twelve marks for every equations

Q1\ Prove or disprove the following statements:

- (1) If x and y two vectors in **pre Hilbert space** X , then $\|x+y\|^2 = \|x\|^2 + 2\operatorname{Re}\langle x, y \rangle + \|y\|^2$.
- (2) If $\{x_n\}$ is sequence in normed space X and for all $x \in X$ s.t $x_n \rightarrow x$, then $x_n \xrightarrow{w} x$.
- (3) If X is **Hilbert space** over field F and $T, S \in B(X)$, then $(S \circ T)^* = T^* \circ S^*$.
- (4) If $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is an one to one linear transformation then $\ker(f) = \{0\}$.

Q2\ A\ If $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is a linear transformation then f is bounded iff f is continuous.

B\ If x and y two vectors in **pre Hilbert** space X , then $\langle x, y \rangle = \frac{1}{4} [\|x+y\|^2 - \|x-y\|^2 + i\|x+iy\|^2 - i\|x-iy\|^2]$.

Q3\ State and prove Cauchy -Schwarz inequality.

Q4\ A\ Let X be **Hilbert space** and let $\psi: X \rightarrow X^*$ be defined by $\psi(y) = f_y$ s.t $f_y(x) = \langle x, y \rangle$ for all $x \in X$. Does ψ bijective, associative, and linear transformation.

B\ If $f: X \rightarrow F$ is a nonzero linear functional over normed space X then f is continuous iff $\ker(f)$ is closed set.

Q5\ A\ Let X be ^a vector space over field F and let $P: X \rightarrow X$ be a linear transformation then P be a projection over X iff $1-P$ is projection over X .

B\ Give an example **with it is solution** for normed space and the same time be **pre-Hilbert** space.

Best Luck

Zainab
Lecturer
Zainab Hayder



M.M. KRAD
Head of Department
Asst.Prof.Mousa Makey



Note: For each question 12 marks

Q1: Give example for the following:

- 1- Separable is not second space. 2- Set is not compact. 3- T_1 -space is not T_2 -space.
4- First is not second space.

Q2: In usual topological space (R, T_u) , answer the following:

- 1- Is $[0,1]$ is compact set in R ? Why? 3- Is $[0,1]$ is path in R ? Why?
2- Is $[0,1]$ is connected set in R ? Why? 4- Is $[0,1]$ is arcwise in R ? Why?

Q3: Let X be a topological space. Then prove the following are equivalent:

- i- X is normal space.
ii- If H is an open and F is closed such that $F \subseteq H$ then there exist open set G such that
 $F \subseteq G \subseteq \bar{G} \subseteq H$.

Q4: In (R, T_u) , (Q, T_Q) is relative topology then

- 1- What the difference between the sets $Q \cap [\sqrt{-2}, \sqrt{2}]$ and $Q \cap (\sqrt{-2}, \sqrt{2})$.
2- Use this difference to show the relative topology (Q, T_Q) is not connected.

Q5: Consider the following subsets of real plane R^2

$$A = \{(x, y) : 0 \leq x \leq 1, y = x\}$$

$$B = \{(x, 0) : \frac{1}{4} \leq x \leq 1\}$$

Determine with graph:

- 1- Arcwise connected 2- Separated 3- Connected

M. M. KRADY
Head of Department
Asst. Prof. Mousa Makey Krady



Good Luck

Lecture
Dr. Amer Himza Almyaiy

2018-6-18

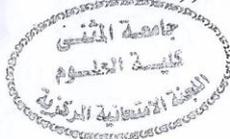


Note // 6 Marks For Every Equation

- 1) By using polar coordinates , show that $B(m,n) = \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(n)}{\Gamma(m+n)}$ ^{where} $m,n > 0$?
- 2) Solve by using Frobenius method the following D.E. $xy'' - y' - xy = 0$?
- 3) Defined Bessel equation of order ν ? and find solution of Bessel equation of the first kind of order ν ?
- 4) Find the $\frac{d}{dx}(x^{-n}J_n(x))$? And find $\int x^3 J_3(x) dx$?
- 5) Defined Euler D.E. ? And solve the following D.E. $x^2 y'' - xy' + y = 0$?
- 6) What is Legendre equation ? and the general formula for Legendre function? find $P_3(x)$?
- 7) For each Fixed $n = 0,1,2,\dots$, the Bessel functions $J_n(\lambda_{1n}x), J_n(\lambda_{2n}x), \dots$. form an orthogonal set on the interval $0 \leq x \leq R$ with respect to the weight function $P(x) = x$, i.e
 $\int_0^R x J_n(\lambda_{mn}x) J_n(\lambda_{kn}x) dx = 0, (k \neq n)$. And the norm $\|J_n(\lambda_{mn}x)\|^2 = \int_0^R x J_n^2(\lambda_{mn}x) dx = \frac{R^2}{2} J_{n+1}^2(\lambda_{mn}x)$?
- 8) Prove that $\int_{-1}^1 p_n^2(x) dx = \frac{2}{2n+1}$?
- 9) What is the generating function of the Hermite polynomial ? And show that $H_n(x) = (-1)^n \exp(x^2) \frac{d^n}{dx^n} (\exp(-x^2))$?
- 10) ((Choose one only))
1) What is the difference between hypergeometric function and confluent hypergeometric function?
2) Show that $\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2x} \operatorname{erf}(x) = {}_1F_2\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, -x^2\right)$?

Lecturer
Rafid H.B.

((Good Luck))



M. M. KRAJY
Head of Department
Mousa Makey